

## ECONOMICS



Curriculum Intent Statement Department of Social Science (BTEC Enterprise, Health and Social Care, Economics, Business and Sociology) Ballakermeen High School

## Curriculum vision: -

Our Economics curriculum will provide students with the opportunity to:

- Know and understand the terminology, concepts, theories, and principles of economics
- Express ideas in writing and using statistics and diagrams, or other methods, where appropriate
- Develop the habit of using works of reference as sources of information specific to economics
- Read critically to gain information about the changes in the wider economic and social environment
- Appreciate the methods of study that economists use, and the most effective ways economic information may be analysed, correlated, discussed, evaluated, and presented
- Develop an interest in and enthusiasm for economics that could lead to further study

	Curriculum Overview – Economics					
	YEAR 10	YEAR 11	YEAR 12	YEAR 13		
AUTUMN 1	Section I: The basic economic problem  1. The nature of the economic problem  2. The factors of production  3. Opportunity cost  4. Production possibility curve diagrams	Section 4: Government and the macroeconomy 1. The role of government 2. The macroeconomic aims of government 3. Fiscal policy 4. Monetary policy 5. Supply-side policy	<ul> <li>Section 1: Basic economic ideas and resource allocation</li> <li>1. Scarcity, choice, and opportunity cost</li> <li>2. Economic methodology</li> <li>3. Factors of production</li> <li>4. Resource allocation in different economic systems</li> <li>5. Production possibility curves</li> <li>6. Classification of goods and services</li> <li>Section 2: The price system and the microeconomy</li> <li>1. Demand and supply curves</li> <li>2. Price elasticity, income elasticity, and cross elasticity of demand</li> <li>3. Price elasticity of supply</li> <li>4. The interaction of demand supply</li> <li>5. Consumer and producer surplus</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Section 7 continued</li> <li>Private costs and benefits, externalities and social costs, and benefits</li> <li>Types of cost, revenue and profit, short-run and long- run production</li> <li>Different market structures</li> <li>Growth and survival of firms</li> <li>Differing objectives and policies of forms</li> <li>Section 8: Government microeconomic intervention</li> <li>Government policies to achieve efficient resource allocation and correct market failure</li> </ul>		
AUTUMN 2	Section 2: The allocation of resources 1. Microeconomics and macroeconomics	<ol> <li>Section 4 continued</li> <li>Economic growth</li> <li>Employment and unemployment</li> <li>Inflation and deflation</li> </ol>	Section 3: Government microeconomic intervention 1. Reasons for government intervention in markets	<ol> <li>Section 8 continued</li> <li>Equity and redistribution of income and wealth</li> <li>Labour market forces and government intervention</li> </ol>		

	<ol> <li>2. The role of markets in allocating resources</li> <li>3. Demand</li> <li>4. Supply</li> <li>5. Price determination</li> <li>6. Price changes</li> </ol>		<ol> <li>Methods and effects of government intervention in markets</li> <li>Addressing income and wealth inequality</li> <li>Section 4: The macroeconomy</li> <li>National income statistics</li> <li>Introduction to the circular flow of income</li> <li>Aggregate Demand and Aggregate Supply analysis</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Section 9: The macroeconomy</li> <li>1. The circular flow of income</li> <li>2. Economic growth and sustainability</li> <li>3. Employment/ unemployment</li> <li>4. Money and banking</li> </ul>
SPRING 1	Section 2 continued 1. Price elasticity of demand 2. Price elasticity of supply 3. Market economic system 4. Market failure 5. Mixed economic system	<ul> <li>Section 5: International trade and globalisation</li> <li>1. International specialisation</li> <li>2. Globalisation, free trade, and protection</li> <li>3. Foreign exchange rates</li> <li>4. Current account of balance of payments</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Section 4 continued</li> <li>1. Economic growth</li> <li>2. Unemployment</li> <li>3. Price stability</li> <li>Section 5: Government macroeconomic intervention</li> <li>1. Government macroeconomic policy objectives</li> <li>2. Fiscal policy</li> <li>3. Monetary policy</li> <li>4. Supply-side policy</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Section 10: Government macroeconomic intervention</li> <li>1. Government macroeconomic policy objectives</li> <li>2. Links between macroeconomic problems and their interrelatedness</li> <li>3. Effectiveness of policy options to meet all macroeconomic objectives</li> </ul>
SPRING 2	Section 3: Microeconomic decision makers 1. Money and banking 2. Households 3. Workers	'Catch-up' if necessary and revise, assess, and review Year 10 and 11 content	Section 6: International economic issues 1. The reasons for international trade 2. Protectionism	Section 11: International economic issues 1. Policies to correct disequilibrium in the balance of payments 2. Exchange rates

			at different levels of development
SUMMER 1	<ol> <li>Section 3 continued</li> <li>Trade unions</li> <li>Firms</li> <li>Firms and production</li> <li>Firms' costs, revenue, and objectives</li> <li>Market structure</li> </ol>	'Catch-up' if ne revise, assess, o 12 content	ecessary and 'Catch-up' if necessary and and review Year 13 content
SUMMER 2	'Catch-up' if necessary and revise, assess, and review Year 10 content	Section 7: The p and the micros 1. Utility 2. Indifference budget lines 3. Efficiency ar failure	curves and